Over 800 million people around the world – a tenth of the population – are chronically hungry.

Global hunger fell for decades, but it is on the rise again.

The global Covid-19 pandemic has contributed to a sharp rise in hunger.

More than half the world’s hungry are in Asia, with a third in Africa.

Prevalence of hunger is highest in Africa, where one in five people is affected – more than double any other region.

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Food systems must transform to defeat hunger forever.

This means tackling some of the main contributors to hunger, including poverty, inequity, conflict, and climate change.

United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 2 aims for an end to hunger by 2030.

Given current trends, this is a distant dream.

A massive new effort is needed to make defeating hunger a reality.
REFERENCES